

BarefootLaw Data Protection Policy

1. Introduction

- 1.1. This Policy sets out the obligations of Barefoot Law, a non-profit organisation registered in Uganda, whose registered office is at P. O. Box 258431, Plot 1, Muwafu Road, Ministers' Village, Ntinda, Kampala herein after referred to as "the Organisation" regarding data protection and the rights of the users of Barefoot Law's platforms and application(s) herein after referred to as "data subjects" in respect of their personal data under Uganda's Data Protection and Privacy Act, 2019, and the EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) 2016/679
- 1.2. The Data Protection and Privacy Act, 2019 defines "personal data" as any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person (a "data subject"); an identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier, or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural, or social identity of that natural person.
- 1.3. This Policy sets the Organisation's obligations regarding the collection, processing, transfer, storage, and disposal of personal data. The procedures and principles set out herein must be followed at all times by the Organisation, its employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation.
- 1.4. The Organisation is committed not only to the letter of the law, but also to the spirit of the law and places high importance on the correct, lawful, and fair handling of all personal data, respecting the legal rights, privacy, and trust of all individuals with whom it deals.

2. The Data Protection Principles

- 2.1. This Policy aims to ensure compliance with the Data Protection and Privacy Act 2019. The Act sets out the following principles with which any party handling personal data must comply. All personal data must be:
 - 2.1.1. Processed lawfully, fairly, and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject.

- 2.1.2. Collected for specified, explicit, and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes. Further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes will not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes.
- 2.1.3. Adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which it is processed.
- 2.1.4. Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date. Every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that is inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which it is processed, is erased, or rectified without delay.
- 2.1.5. Kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data is processed. Personal data may be stored for longer periods insofar as the personal data will be processed solely for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes, the pursuit of access to justice or statistical purposes in relation thereto, subject to implementation of the appropriate technical and organisational measures required by the Data Protection and Privacy Act in order to safeguard the rights and freedoms of the data subject.
- 2.1.6. Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction, or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures.

3. The Rights of Data Subjects

- 3.1. The Data Protection and Privacy Act sets out the following rights applicable to data subjects (please refer to the parts of this policy indicated for further details):
 - 3.1.1. The right to be informed (Part 12);
 - 3.1.2. The right of access (Part 13);
 - 3.1.3. The right to rectification (Part 14);
 - 3.1.4. The right to erasure (also known as the 'right to be forgotten') (Part 15);
 - 3.1.5. The right to restrict processing (Part 16);
 - 3.1.6. The right to data portability (Part 17);

3.1.7. The right to object (Part 18); and

3.1.8. Rights with respect to automated decision-making and profiling (Parts 19 and 20).

4. Lawful, Fair, and Transparent Data Processing

4.1. The Data Protection and Privacy Act seeks to ensure that personal data is processed lawfully, fairly, and transparently, without adversely affecting the rights of the data subject. The Act states that processing of personal data will be lawful if at least one of the following applies:

4.1.1. The data subject has given consent to the processing of their personal data for one or more specific purposes;

4.1.2. The processing is necessary for the performance of a contract to which the data subject is a party, or in order to take steps at the request of the data subject prior to entering into a contract with them;

4.1.3. The processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the data controller is subject;

4.1.4. The processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person;

4.1.5. The processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the data controller; or

4.1.6. The processing is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interests pursued by the data controller or by a third party, except where such interests are overridden by the fundamental rights and freedoms of the data subject which require protection of personal data, in particular where the data subject is a child.

4.2. If the personal data in question is "special category data" (also known as "sensitive personal data") (for example, data concerning the data subject's race, ethnicity, politics, religion, trade union membership, genetics, biometrics (if used for ID purposes), health, sex life, or sexual orientation), at least one of the following conditions must be met:

4.2.1. The data subject has given their explicit consent to the processing of such data for one or more specified purposes (Unless the law prohibits them from doing so);

4.2.2. The processing is necessary for the purpose of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the data controller or of the data subject insofar as it is authorised by the laws of Uganda;

- 4.2.3. The processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent;
- 4.2.4. The processing relates to personal data which is clearly made public by the data subject;
- 4.2.5. The processing is necessary for the conduct of legal claims or whenever courts are acting in their judicial capacity;
- 4.2.6. The processing is necessary for substantial public interest reasons, on the basis of the law which will be proportionate to the aim pursued, will respect the essence of the right to data protection, and will provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and interests of the data subject.
- 4.2.7. The processing is necessary for archiving purposes in the public interest, legal, scientific, historical or other important research purposes, or statistical purposes as guided by the principles of data collection in the Data Protection and Privacy Act.

5. Specified, Explicit, and Legitimate Purposes

- 5.1. The Organisation collects and processes the personal data set out in Part 21 of this Policy. This includes:
 - 5.1.1. Personal data collected directly from data subjects and;
 - 5.1.2. Personal data obtained from third parties.

The Organisation only collects, processes, and holds personal data for the specific purposes set out in Part 21 Data Protection and Privacy Act.
- 5.2. Data subjects are kept informed at all times as prescribed by the law of the purpose or purposes for which the Organisation uses their personal data. Please refer to Part 12 for more information on keeping data subjects informed.

6. Adequate, Relevant, and Limited Data Processing

- 6.1. The Organisation will only collect and process personal data for and to the extent necessary for the specific purpose or purposes of which data subjects have been informed (or will be informed) as under Part 5, above, and as set out in Part 21, below.

7. Accuracy of Data and Keeping Data Up-to-Date

- 7.1. The Organisation will ensure that all personal data collected, processed, and held by it is kept accurate and up-to-date at the time it comes into the possession of the Organisation as a data collector. This includes, but is not limited to, the

rectification of personal data at the request of a data subject, as set out in Part 14, below:

- 7.1.1. The accuracy of personal data will be checked (to the extent that it is reasonably possible to do so) when it is collected and at regular intervals thereafter. If any personal data is found to be inaccurate or out-of-date, all reasonable steps will be taken without delay to amend or erase that data, as appropriate.

8. Data Retention

- 8.1. The Organisation will not keep personal data for any longer than is necessary in light of the purpose or purposes for which that personal data was originally collected, held, and processed (the data subjects' data will be deleted once the data subject deletes his or her account with the Organisation);
- 8.2. When personal data is no longer required, all reasonable steps will be taken to erase or otherwise dispose of it without delay;
- 8.3. For full details of the Organisation's approach to data retention, including retention periods for specific personal data types held by the Organisation, please refer to our Data Retention Policy; <https://barefootlaw.org/data-policy/>

9. Secure Processing

- 9.1. The Organisation will take all reasonable steps to ensure that all personal data collected, held, and processed is kept secure and protected against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction, or damage. Further details of the technical and organisational measures which will be taken are provided in Parts 22 to 27 of this Policy.

10. Accountability and Record-Keeping

- 10.1. The Organisation will have a Data Protection Officer.
- 10.2. The Data Protection Officer will be responsible for overseeing the implementation of this Policy and for monitoring compliance with this Policy, the Organisation's other data protection-related policies, and with the Data Protection and Privacy Act and other applicable data protection legislation.
- 10.3. The Organisation will keep written internal records of all personal data collection, holding, and processing, which will incorporate the following information:
 - 10.3.1. The name and details of the Organisation, its Data Protection Officer, and any applicable third-party data processors;
 - 10.3.2. The purposes for which the Organisation collects, holds, and processes personal data;

- 10.3.3. Details of the categories of personal data collected, held, and processed by the Organisation, and the categories of data subject to which that personal data relates;
- 10.3.4. Details of any transfers of personal data to outside Uganda including all mechanisms and security safeguards;
- 10.3.5. Details of how long personal data will be retained by the Organisation (please refer to the Organisation's Data Retention Policy); and
- 10.3.6. Detailed descriptions of all technical and organisational measures taken by the Organisation to ensure the security of personal data.

11. Data Protection Impact Assessments

- 11.1. The Organisation will establish and maintain appropriate safeguards against internal and external risks to personal data under its control. The organisation will further regularly verify that the safeguards are efficiently implemented and continuously up to date in respect to new risks or developments. This will apply to any and all new projects and/or new uses of personal data which involve the use of new technologies and the processing involved is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of data subjects under the Data Protection and Privacy Act 2019.
- 11.2. Data Protection Impact Assessments will be overseen by the Data Protection Officer and will address the following:
 - 11.2.1. The type(s) of personal data that will be collected, held, and processed;
 - 11.2.2. The purpose(s) for which personal data is to be used;
 - 11.2.3. The Organisation's objectives;
 - 11.2.4. How personal data is to be used;
 - 11.2.5. The parties (internal and/or external) who are to be consulted;
 - 11.2.6. The necessity and proportionality of the data processing with respect to the purpose(s) for which it is being processed;
 - 11.2.7. Risks posed to data subjects;
 - 11.2.8. Risks posed both within and to the Organisation; and
 - 11.2.9. Proposed measures to minimise and handle identified risks.

12. Keeping Data Subjects Informed

12.1. The Organisation will provide the information set out in Part 12.2 to every data subject in the following manner:

12.1. Where personal data is collected directly from data subjects, those data subjects will be informed of its purpose at the time of collection; and

12.2. Where personal data is obtained from a third party, the relevant data subjects will be informed of its purpose;

12.3. if the personal data is used to communicate with the data subject, when the first communication is made; or

12.4. if the personal data is to be transferred to another party, before that transfer is made; or

12.5. as soon as reasonably possible and in any event not more than one month after the personal data is obtained.

12.2. The following information will be provided:

12.2.1. Details of the Organisation;

12.2.2. The purpose(s) for which the personal data is being collected and will be processed (as detailed in Part 21 of this Policy) and the legal basis justifying that collection and processing;

12.2.3. Where applicable, the legitimate interests upon which the Organisation is justifying its collection and processing of the personal data;

12.2.4. Where the personal data is not obtained directly from the data subject, the categories of personal data collected and processed;

12.2.5. Where the personal data is to be transferred to one or more third parties, details of those parties;

12.2.6. Where the personal data is to be transferred to a third party that is located outside of Uganda, details of that transfer, including but not limited to the safeguards in place (see Part 28 of this Policy for further details);

12.2.7. Details of data retention;

12.2.8. Details of the data subject's rights under the Data Protection and Privacy Act;

- 12.2.9. Details of the data subject's right to withdraw their consent to the Organisation's processing of their personal data at any time;
- 12.2.10. Details of the data subject's right to complain to the "supervisory authority" under the Data Protection and Privacy Act;
- 12.2.11. Where applicable, details of any legal or contractual requirement or obligation necessitating the collection and processing of the personal data and details of any consequences of failing to provide it; and
- 12.2.12. Details of any automated decision-making or profiling that will take place using the personal data, including information on how decisions will be made, the significance of those decisions, and any consequences.

13. Data Subject Access

- 13.1. Data subjects may make subject access requests ("SARs") at any time to find out more about the personal data which the Organisation holds about them, what it is doing with that personal data, and why.
- 13.2. Employees wishing to make a SAR should do so using a Subject Access Request Form, sending the form to the Organisation's Data Protection Officer at the physical address of the Organisation.
- 13.3. Responses to SARs will normally be made within one month of receipt, however this may be extended by up to two months if the SAR is complex and/or numerous requests are made. If such additional time is required, the data subject will be informed.
- 13.4. All SARs received will be handled by the Organisation's Data Protection Officer.
- 13.5. The Organisation does not charge a fee for the handling of normal SARs. The Organisation reserves the right to charge reasonable fees for additional copies of information that has already been supplied to a data subject, and for requests that are manifestly unfounded or excessive, particularly where such requests are repetitive or where they require the input of significant resources from the Organisation, in order to be fulfilled.

14. Rectification of Personal Data

- 14.1. Data subjects have the right to require the Organisation to rectify any of their personal data that is inaccurate or incomplete.

- 14.2. The Organisation will rectify the personal data in question, and inform the data subject of that rectification, within one month of the data subject informing the Organisation of the issue. The period can be extended by up to two months in the case of complex requests. If such additional time is required, the data subject will be informed.
- 14.3. In the event that any affected personal data has been disclosed to third parties, those parties will be informed of any rectification that must be made to that personal data.

15. Erasure of Personal Data

- 15.1. Data subjects have the right to request that the Organisation erases the personal data it holds about them in the following circumstances:
 - 15.1.1. It is no longer necessary for the Organisation to hold that personal data with respect to the purpose(s) for which it was originally collected or processed;
 - 15.1.2. The data subject wishes to withdraw their consent to the Organisation holding and processing their personal data;
 - 15.1.3. The data subject objects to the Organisation holding and processing their personal data (and there is no overriding legitimate interest to allow the Organisation to continue doing so) (see Part 18 of this Policy for further details concerning the right to object);
 - 15.1.4. The personal data has been processed unlawfully;
 - 15.1.5. The personal data needs to be erased in order for the Organisation to comply with a particular legal obligation **OR**
 - 15.1.6. The personal data is being held and processed for the purpose of providing information society services to a child.
 - 15.1.7. Unless the Organisation has reasonable grounds to refuse to erase personal data, all requests for erasure will be complied with, and the data subject informed of the erasure, within one month of receipt of the data subject's request. The period can be extended by up to two months in the case of complex requests. If such additional time is required, the data subject will be informed.
 - 15.1.8. In the event that any personal data that is to be erased in response to a data subject's request has been disclosed to third parties, those parties will be informed of the erasure

(unless it is impossible or would require disproportionate effort to do so).

16. Restriction of Personal Data Processing

- 16.1. Data subjects may request that the Organisation ceases processing the personal data it holds about them. If a data subject makes such a request, the Organisation will retain only the amount of personal data concerning that data subject (if any) that is necessary to ensure that the personal data in question is not processed further.
- 16.2. In the event that any affected personal data has been disclosed to third parties, those parties will be informed of the applicable restrictions on processing it (unless it is impossible or would require disproportionate effort to do so).

17. Data Portability

- 17.1. The Organisation processes personal data using automated means; that is, automation towards increasing efficiency in delivering access to justice and the law.
- 17.2. The Organisation stores its data in the cloud via platforms that may be disclosed on request of the data subject.
- 17.3. Where data subjects have given their consent to the Organisation to process their personal data in such a manner, or the processing is otherwise required for the performance of a contract between the Organisation and the data subject, data subjects have the right, under the Data Protection and Privacy Act, to receive a copy of their personal data and to use it for other purposes (namely transmitting it to other data controllers).
- 17.4. To facilitate the right of data portability, the Organisation will make available all applicable personal data to data subjects in the following formats:
- 17.5. Where technically feasible, if requested by a data subject, personal data will be sent directly to the required data controller.
- 17.6. All requests for copies of personal data will be complied with within one month of the data subject's request. The period can be extended by up to two months in the case of complex or numerous requests. If such additional time is required, the data subject will be informed.

18. Objections to Personal Data Processing

- 18.1. Data subjects have the right to object to the Organisation processing their personal data based on legitimate interests,

direct marketing (including profiling), and processing for scientific and/or historical research and statistics purposes.

- 18.2. Where a data subject objects to the Organisation processing their personal data based on its legitimate interests, the Organisation will cease such processing immediately, unless it can be demonstrated that the Organisation's legitimate grounds for such processing override the data subject's interests, rights, and freedoms, or that the processing is necessary for the conduct of legal claims.
- 18.3. Where a data subject objects to the Organisation processing their personal data for direct marketing purposes, the Organisation will cease such processing immediately.
- 18.4. Where a data subject refuses/objects to the Organisation processing their personal data for legal, scientific and/or historical research and statistics purposes, the data subject may object to the collection, under the Data Protection and Privacy Act and clearly indicate reasons for refusal. The Organisation is not required to comply if the research is necessary for the performance of a task carried out for reasons of public interest.

19. Automated Decision-Making

The Organisation may use personal data in automated decision-making processes.

- 19.1. Where such decisions have a legal (or similarly significant effect) on data subjects, those data subjects have the right to challenge to such decisions under the Data Protection and Privacy Act, requesting human intervention, expressing their own point of view, and obtaining an explanation of the decision from the Organisation.
- 19.2. The right described in Part 19.1 does not apply in the following circumstances:
 - 19.2.1. The decision is necessary for the entry into, or performance of, a contract between the Organisation and the data subject;
 - 19.2.2. The decision is authorised by law; or
 - 19.2.3. The data subject has given their explicit consent.

20. Profiling

- 20.1. The Organisation uses personal data for profiling purposes. This includes capturing one's name, address, phone number, email and social media profile where available. This data also includes personal information on one's legal case enquiry.

- 20.2. When personal data is used for profiling purposes, the following will apply:
- 20.3. Clear information explaining the profiling will be provided to data subjects, including the significance and likely consequences of the profiling;
- 20.4. Appropriate mathematical or statistical procedures will be used;
- 20.5. Technical and organisational measures will be implemented to minimise the risk of errors. If errors occur, such measures must enable them to be easily corrected; and
- 20.6. All personal data processed for profiling purposes will be secured in order to prevent discriminatory effects arising out of profiling (see Parts 22 to 26 of this Policy for more details on data security).

21. Data Security - Transferring Personal Data and Communications

- 21.1. The Organisation will ensure that the following measures are taken with respect to all communications and other transfers involving personal data:
- 21.2. All emails containing sensitive personal data must be marked "confidential";
- 21.3. Where personal data is to be transferred in hardcopy form it should be passed directly to the recipient or their authorized agent/third party.s

22. Data Security – Disposal

- 22.1. When any personal data is to be erased or otherwise disposed of for any reason (including where copies have been made and are no longer needed), it should be securely deleted and disposed of. For further information on the deletion and disposal of personal data, please refer to the Organisation's Data Retention Policy.

23. Data Security - Use of Personal Data

24. The Organisation will ensure that the following measures are taken with respect to the use of personal data:
 - 24.1. No personal data may be shared informally and if an employee, agent, sub-contractor, or other party working on behalf of the Organisation requires access to any personal data that they do not already have access to, such access should be formally requested from the Data Protection Officer;

- 24.2. No personal data may be transferred to any employees, agents, contractors, or other parties, whether such parties are working on behalf of the Organisation or not, without the authorisation of the Data Protection Officer;
- 24.3. Personal data must be handled with care at all times and should not be left unattended or on view to unauthorised employees, agents, sub-contractors, or other parties at any time;
- 24.4. If personal data is being viewed on a computer screen and the computer in question is to be left unattended for any period of time, the user must lock the computer and screen before leaving it; and
- 24.5. Where personal data held by the Organisation is used for marketing purposes, it will be the responsibility of the Data Protection Officer to ensure that the appropriate consent is obtained and that no data subjects have opted out, whether directly or via a third-party service such as the TPS.

25. Data Security - IT Security

- 25.1. The Organisation will ensure that the following measures are taken with respect to IT and information security:
 - 25.1.1. All passwords used to protect personal data should be changed regularly and should not use words or phrases that can be easily guessed or otherwise compromised. All passwords must contain a combination of uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers, and symbols. All software used by the Organisation is designed to require such passwords;
 - 25.1.2. Under no circumstances should any passwords be written down or shared between any employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation, irrespective of seniority or department. If a password is forgotten, it must be reset using the applicable method. IT staff will not have access to passwords;
 - 25.1.3. All software (including, but not limited to, applications and operating systems) will be kept up-to-date. The Organisation's IT staff will be responsible for installing any and all security-related updates as soon as reasonably and practically possible after the updates are made available by the publisher or manufacturer, unless there are valid technical reasons not to do so; and
 - 25.1.4. No software may be installed on any Organisation-owned computer or device without the prior approval of the governance board or its authorized representative.

26. Organisational Measures

- 26.1. The Organisation will ensure that the following measures are taken with respect to the collection, holding, and processing of personal data:
 - 26.1.1. All employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation will be made fully aware of both their individual responsibilities and the Organisation's responsibilities under the Data Protection and Privacy Act and under this Policy, and will be provided with a copy of this Policy;
 - 26.1.2. Only employees, agents, sub-contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation that need access to, and use of, personal data in order to carry out their assigned duties correctly will have access to personal data held by the Organisation;
 - 26.1.3. All employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation handling personal data will be appropriately trained to do so; All employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation handling personal data will be appropriately supervised;
 - 26.1.4. All employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation handling personal data will be required and encouraged to exercise care, caution, and discretion when discussing work-related matters that relate to personal data, whether in the workplace or otherwise;
 - 26.1.5. Methods of collecting, holding, and processing personal data will be regularly evaluated and reviewed;
 - 26.1.6. All personal data held by the Organisation will be reviewed periodically, as set out in the Organisation's Data Retention Policy;
 - 26.1.7. The performance of those employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation handling personal data will be regularly evaluated and reviewed;
 - 26.1.8. All employees, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation handling personal data will be bound to do so in accordance with the principles of the Data Protection and Privacy Act and this Policy by contract;
 - 26.1.9. All agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Organisation handling personal data must ensure that any and all of their employees who are involved in the

processing of personal data are held to the same conditions as those relevant employees of the Organisation arising out of this Policy and the Data Protection and Privacy Act; and

26.1.10. Where any agent, contractor or other party working on behalf of the Organisation handling personal data fails in their obligations under this Policy that party will indemnify and hold harmless the Organisation against any costs, liability, damages, loss, claims or proceedings which may arise out of that failure.

27. Transferring Personal Data to a Country Outside Uganda

27.1. The Organisation may from time to time transfer ('transfer' includes making available remotely) personal data to countries outside of Uganda.

27.2. The transfer of personal data to a country outside of Uganda will take place only if one or more of the following applies:

27.2.1. The transfer is to a country, territory, or one or more specific sectors in that country (or an international organisation), that the supervising Authority has determined ensures an adequate level of protection for personal data;

27.2.2. The transfer is to a country (or entity) which provides appropriate safeguards in the form of a legally binding agreement between public authorities or bodies; binding corporate rules; standard data protection clauses (as provided for in the Data Protection and Privacy Act); contractual clauses agreed and authorised by the competent supervisory authority; or provisions inserted into administrative arrangements between public authorities or bodies authorised by the competent supervisory authority;

27.2.3. The transfer is made with the consent of the relevant data subject(s);

27.2.4. The transfer is necessary for the performance of a contract between the data subject and the Organisation (or for pre-contractual steps taken at the request of the data subject);

27.2.5. The transfer is necessary for important public interest reasons;

27.2.6. The transfer is necessary for the conduct of legal claims;

27.2.7. The transfer is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or other individuals where the data subject is physically or legally unable to give their consent; or

27.2.8. The transfer is made from a register that, under Ugandan law, is intended to provide information to the public and which is open for access by the public in general or otherwise to

those who are able to show a legitimate interest in accessing the register.

28. Data Breach Notification

- 28.1. All personal data breaches must be reported immediately to the Organisation's Data Protection Officer.
- 28.2. If a personal data breach occurs and that breach is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of data subjects (e.g. financial loss, breach of confidentiality, discrimination, reputational damage, or other significant social or economic damage), the Data Protection Officer must ensure that the supervising Authorities Office is informed of the breach without delay, and in any event, within 72 hours after having become aware of it.
- 28.3. In the event that a personal data breach is likely to result in a high risk (that is, a higher risk than that described under Part 29.2) to the rights and freedoms of data subjects, the Data Protection Officer must ensure that all affected data subjects are informed of the breach directly and without undue delay.
- 28.4. Data breach notifications will include the following information:
 - 28.4.1. The categories and approximate number of data subjects concerned;
 - 28.4.2. The categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned;
 - 28.4.3. The name and contact details of the Organisation's data protection officer (or other contact point where more information can be obtained);
 - 28.4.4. The likely consequences of the breach;
 - 28.4.5. Details of the measures taken, or proposed to be taken, by the Organisation to address the breach including, where appropriate, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects.

29. Implementation of Policy

This Policy will be deemed effective as of 15/12/2020. No part of this Policy will have retroactive effect and will thus apply only to matters occurring on or after this date.

This Policy has been approved and authorised by:

Name: Timothy Kakuru

Position: Data Protection Officer and Director of Impact and Programs
Barefoot Law

Due for Review by: 15 June 2021

Signature:
Timothy Kakuru